Bluebird Box Construction
for Eastern Bluebird

- Use redwood, cedar, white pine, and yellow pine
- **No pressure treated wood!**
- Hole must be 1½ inches
- Galvanized nails or screws
- Door pivot nail & lock pin
- Air vents on sides
- Must open from front or side
- Construction plans at: tampaaudubon.org
Materials List

- Standard board 1" x 6" x 4' long, (or 1"x 6" x 6', see below)
- Standard board 1" x 10" x 12" long for roof. Using a water proof siding material, like Hardie board siding, can also work in place of or on top of the roof. Two 12" boards can be combined with Titebond III for roof.
- 1-3/4" galvanized nails or even better use 1 5/8" deck screws – approximately 20 will do.
- 1-3/4" galvanized screw or nail for pivot point – 2 needed
- A double-headed or duplex 6 d or 8 d, nail 1 ½ to 2 ½" long for holding door closed – 1 (if you cannot obtain a duplex nail an ordinary sinker nail will work fine, or even a clenched 8 d nail.)

Note 1” lumber is typically about ¾” thick. Woods like Western Red Cedar or Redwood are best for exterior use but exterior grade plywood (do not use “pressure treated” plywood) will also work well. If plywood or pine are to be used it is important to coat with a wood sealer like Thompson’s Water Seal or paint it with a light colored (white is ideal), exterior grade latex paint. Do not paint the outside of the front of your box (panel with the entrance hole).

Board Side view

| 4" | 10" | 12" | 10" | 12" |

Board Top view

![Board Top view diagram](image)

A. Start cutting at the floor piece section and work right towards the back piece section since the back length is the least critical.
B. With a 10" wide roof (i.e., with ~2" of overhang) one can safely drill three ½" holes in each side just below where the roof meets for ventilation and still not have issues with rain entering the nestbox.
C. On the inside of the front, below the hole, it is recommended that saw cuts (or kerfs) be cut to make a “ladder” so it is easier for fledglings to depart the box.
D. If the box is to be used for Western or Mountain Bluebirds the hole should be 1 9/16” in diameter and that size hole is fine for Eastern Bluebirds as well.
E. Smooth the entrance hole by sanding.
F. It helps to drill an 3/16” hole for all outside screw holes. When assembling, it helps to drill a 1/8” hole into the inside board to prevent the screw from splitting the wood.
G. Drill ventilation holes in an upward angle. In colder areas, the ventilation could be reduced or may not be needed.
Boards ready for Assembly

(Drill ventilation and entrance holes
Before assembling the nest box)
½” ventilation holes

Front

12”
10”

10”
12”

5½”
5½”

5½”

Back

12”

5½”

10”

Top

12”

10”

Floor

5½”

4”

Note: before you make a bluebird box, make sure that it will be installed and monitored regularly to prevent House Sparrows from successfully nesting and raising young. For info on locating, installing and monitoring bluebird boxes, see the NABS website above. Look for the Fact Sheet “Getting Started with Bluebirds”

These drawings are not to scale.
Construction Plan

The roof will overhang the front ~6” – 6 ½” and both sides ~2” when completed. The roof will have a 20 deg back to front slope. See photo of the actual box below.

Drill hole through the front board and the side of the door to latch door closed.

Please Note:
Do not use the Optional Oval Hole.

Please Note:
Floor drainage is no longer recommended by NABS (2021)

Optional Oval Hole

5½”

Drill two 1 3/8” hole & chisel sides flat to oval

Floor corners cut for drainage

Floor
A Plan for a Stovepipe Predator Baffle

Materials List

- Galvanized stovepipe .......... 8” diameter x 24–36”
- #6 hardware cloth .................. 8” circle
- #1” galvanized pipe for mounting .......................... 7’ long
- Hanger iron strips (2) .................. 8” long
- Hardware .................. (2) #8–32 x #1” machine screws and nuts

![Diagram of stovepipe baffle]

Using the strips, shape hardware cloth into a circle. Make a small cut in the center so it will slip over the mounting pole. Bend the edges of the hardware cloth down and slide it snugly into the stovepipe. Cut four tabs on the top end of the stovepipe. Bend them inward, over the hardware cloth.

Bolt the hanger iron straps together in the center, around the mounting pole. Bend the free ends outward to support the hardware cloth. A few wraps of electrical tape below the strap attachment will keep it from slipping down the pole. Slide the stovepipe assembly over the top of the mounting pole, resting it on the hanger straps. Attach the nest box onto the pole, with the bottom of the box about six inches above the top of the baffle. Smear a heavy-duty wax (for example, carnauba wax) on the pole beneath the baffle to repel ants.

Printed with permission from Bluebirds Forever (Toops 1994)
Plan design by Ron Kingston, Silvia 13(2):56–57
Art reference from “Enjoying Bluebirds More” in Bird Watcher’s Digest (1-800-879-2473)
Image courtesy of: The Birdhouse Network http://birds.cornell.edu/birdhouse
Copyright 2001 Cornell Lab of Ornithology

Please Note:  Electrical tape will not hold the guard to the post. Instead screw the hanger strips to the post.

*(Hanger iron strips are also called Plumbers Tape)*

**Stovetop baffles** can be purchased at hardware stores such as Lowe’s.